

B Fortnight Bulletin



Review of the 2009 Humanitarian Interventions

Emergency Food and Non-Food Requirements and Response 2009

► 1. Requirement

In January 2009, the Ethiopian Government with its humanitarian partners identified a total of 4.9 million beneficiaries that require emergency assistance in the year through the joint needs assessment conducted in November/December 2008. This joint approach shows the Government's commitment to make the procedure transparent.

Accordingly to the officially launched Humanitarian Requirements document, a total of 591,503MT of food is required to address the needs of the identified beneficiaries. Out of this amount 140,892 MT was already available as a carryover stock from 2008, bringing the net food requirement to 450,611MT. The amount received from donors towards this net food requirement is 263,569 MT. A total of USD 7,120,893 has also been contributed for supplementary EOS/TSF intervention, whose total net requirement was estimated to be USD 26,202,528.

In addition to this, it was stated that USD 38,866,337 would be required for non-food interventions in the areas of health and nutrition USD 23,164,389, water and environmental sanitation USD 6,169,213 and agriculture and livestock USD 9,532,735. In response to the set requirements, donors have so far contributed USD 24,464,071, including USD 8,990,274 for water environmental sanitation.

While the Government appreciates the generous support already received from donors, there remains a significant shortfall of food resources amounting to 247,011,416 USD, including TSF and USD 17,223,327 for non-food response, focusing mainly on health & nutrition and agriculture & livestock intervention. The total shortfall adds up to USD 264,234,743.

Although the official number of emergency beneficiaries is still 4.9 million, DRMFS anticipates changes in the figure, given performance of the 2009 Belg/Gu rains in the country so far. Preparations are progressing to undertake multi sectoral & multi-agency seasonal needs assessments in all belg benefiting areas of the country beginning June 8, 2009. These assessments will enable to form the basis for establishing requirements during the second half of 2009. The relief food needs assessment will utilize the Household Economy Approach while the non-food needs assessment will apply sector specific methodologies.

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This Review of 2009 humanitarian response updates readers on what DRMFS and its partners are doing regarding disaster management, food security and related issues.

► **2. Response**

The Government and Humanitarian partners are jointly working to provide humanitarian assistance to the identified beneficiaries. In addition, using the Early Warning System, ad-hoc responses have been made in pocket areas. The strong collaboration with partners is highlighted by the joint emergency operation implemented by a consortium of NGOs including CRS, CARE, and Food for the Hungry, World Vision and Save the Children (UK and US). Also in Somali region, food distributions in seven out of the nine zones are being covered by WFP through the hubs and spokes system with direct involvement and guidance of the DRMFSS.

Accordingly, DRMFSS was informed of the following confirmed contributions for food and non-food.

► **2.1. Food**

In response to the 2009 humanitarian requirements document, donors contributed a total of 275,978 MT of food, including EOS/TSF, as at May 26, 2009. This contribution is worth USD 168,519,016. (See table 1 for details) This includes 87,910 MT given by USAID to NGOs for a joint emergency operation.

Table 1: Confirmed Donor Contributions for the 2009 Humanitarian Requirements [Revised May 29, 2009]

Ser. No	Donor	Value (USD)	Quantity (MT)					Implementer	Region	Remarks
			Cereal	Pulses	B. Food	Oil	Total			
1	USAID	56,565,000	56,750	10,729	7,781	2,400	77,660	WFP/DMFSS CRS/JEOP		
		50,000,000	71,180	7,120	7,470	2,140	87,910			
2	Spain	11,927,577	21,591				21,591	WFP/DMFSS WFP/TSF		
		2,000,000	7,126				7,126			
3	DFID	9,685,673	17,825				17,825	WFP/DMFSS		
4	Germany	9,186,351	16,629				16,629	WFP/DMFSS		
5	EMMA	5,350,000	9,474				9,474			
6	Ukraine	580,000	1,000				1,000	WFP/DMFSS		
7	Canada	6,441,223	10,965				10,965	WFP/DMFSS		
8	EC	2,269,279			1,420	100	1,520	CCM	Somali	
9	Japan	9,052,000	16,385				16,385	WFP/DMFSS		Estimated Qty
10	Ireland	273,020	500				500	Christian Aid	SNNP	Estimated Qty
		2,996,943			2,464		3,091	WFP/TSF		Estimated Qty
11	CERF	2,123,950			2,192	627	2,192	UNICEF/EOS	SNNP	Estimated Qty
		2,066,000	1,718	172	180	40	2,110	FHI	B.Gumuz Oromia	
Total		168,519,016	231,143	18,021	21,507	5,307	275,978			

► **2.2. Non-food**

In the non-food sector, donors contributed a total of USD 24,464,071 against the requirements: USD 11,461,758 for health and nutrition; USD 8,990,274 for WASH; USD 4,012,039 for agriculture. In addition USD 2,402,886 is contributed for flood mitigation and USD 1,184,374 for others, including shelter and related needs. (See table 2 below...)

Table 2: Confirmed Donor Contributions for the 2009 Humanitarian Requirements [Revised May 29, 2009]

Non-food

Ser. No	Donor	Amount /Sector (USD)						Implementer	Region	Remarks
		Total	Sector							
			Health /Nutrition	WASH	Agriculture	Flood Mitigation	Others (TBD)			
1	USAID	822,975	562,888		260,087			MercyCorps	Oromia	Includes Logistics Cost
2	Spain	1,430,624 715,312	1,430,624	715,312				UNICEF WoWR		
3	Canada	382,581 625,000 657,895 2,174,214 2,292,264 346,422	382,581 2,292,264	625,000 657,895 2,174,214 4				CARE OXFAM/Ca ACF UNICEF UNICEF UNICEF	SNNP	Nutrition NFIs
4	CERF	1,499,989			1,499,98			FAO		
5	Norway	733,949			733,949			FAO	Afar	Livestock
5	OFDA	579,379 380,288		579,379 380,288				MERLIN SP	Oromia SNNP	
6	Ireland	511,912					511,912	CONCERN	Various	
7	HRF	699,991	699,991					World Vision	Tigray,Amh	Nutrition
	HRF	340,540			340,540			World Vision	Tigray,Amh	Seed
	HRF	699,730				699,730		World Vision	Amhara	
	HRF	916,907	916,907					SC/UK	Amhara	Nutrition
	HRF	581,668	581,668					SC/UK	Somali	Nutrition
	HRF	670,582			670,582			FAO	Afar	Livestock
	HRF	699,350				699,350		FAO	Amhara	
	HRF	551,814		551,814				IRC	Oromia	
	HRF	325,820			325,820			Mercy Corps	Som, Oromia	Seed
	HRF	325,819					325,819	Mercy Corps	Somali,Ormi	NFI
	HRF	478,862	478,862					SP	SNNP	
	HRF	650,159	650,159					SC/US	Afar	Nutrition
	HRF	459,250				459,250		FHI	Amhara	
	HRF	544,556				544,556		CARE	Amhara	
	HRF	150,000	150,000					WHO	Various	Health
	HRF	101,995	101,995					WHO	Various	Health
	HRF	700,000	700,000					WHO	Oromia, SNNP, Somali	Health
	HRF	252,503	252,503					WHO	Afar	Measles
	HRF	150,000	150,000					UNICEF	Various	Health
	HRF	326,433	326,433					UNICEF	Somali	
	HRF	447,497	447,497					UNICEF	Afar	Health
	HRF	118,005	118,005					UNICEF	Various	Health
	HRF	181,072			181,072			CRS	SNNP	
	HRF	185,737	185,737					CONCEN	Amhara	
	HRF	672,200	672,200					CONCERN	SNNP	
	HRF	398,988		398,988				OXFAM/GB	Somali	
	HRF	426,344		426,344				HelpAge	Oromia	
	HRF	481,815		481,815				ACF	Somali	
	HRF	688,679		688,679				CARE	Oromia, Afar	
	FRF	426,208		426,208				Islamic	Somali	
	HRF	400,238		400,238				People in Need	SNNP	
	HRF	484,100		484,100				LVIA	Oromia	
	HRF	361,444	361,444					Merlin	Somali	
Total		28,051,110	11,461,758	8,990,274	4,012,039	2,402,886	1,184,153			

HRF has allocated USD 337,050 for UNDSS for safety operation in Somali and Oromia regions; TBD=To Be Determined.

► 3. Food Allocation and Dispatch

A. Relief Food

The table below indicates that a total 50,126.3 Mt of food was allocated for the month of March, of which, 41,800 Mt has been dispatched.

Table 3: Emergency Allocation and Dispatch by Region (MT) for the month of March

Region	Allocation					Dispatch				
	Grain	Pulse	CSB	V.Oil	Total	Grain	Pulse	CSB	V.Oil	Total
Tigray	9976.9	1011.4	629.9	202.3	11820.5	9976.9	1011.4	629.9	202.3	11820.5
Oromia	6879.3	738.3	148.1	46.6	7812.3	6879.3	738.3	228.62	46.6	7812.3
SNNP	12181.09	1206.59	641.61	209.9	14239.2	11976	1206	621.61	208.7	14012
Amhara	10906.1	15.3	395.1		11316.5	3223.9	153			3376.9
Somali**	3581.6	335.6	234.9	67.2	4219.3	3578.3	252.75	228.62		4059.7
Harari	68.7		2.4		71.1	68.7		2.4		71.1
B.Gumuz	528.5	52.9	55.5	10.5	647.4	528.5	52.9	55.5	10.5	647.4
Total	44122.19	3360.09	2107.51	536.5	50126.3	36232	3414.4	1766.7	468.1	41800

** For Afder and Liben zones only

B. Food transfer for PSNP

In the case of food transfer for Productive Safety Net Program (PSNP), over 18,256.25 MT of grain has been dispatched in March 2009 to 1,094,312 safety net beneficiaries in Tigray, Oromia and Afar regional states.

Table 4: Safety Net Allocation and Dispatch Report (MT)

Region	Item	Allocation	Dispatch	No of beneficiary
Tigray	Grain	8,749.7	6,440.2	583,311
Oromia	"	3,725.55	2,973.13	124,185
Afar	"	5,781	3,742.6	386,816
Total		18,256.25	13,155.93	1,094,312

► 4. Food Allocation and Dispatch under Hubs & Spokes in Somali Region

Under the Hubs and Spokes system, DRMFSS and WFP work together in 7 zones of Somali region to ensure timely delivery and distribution of relief food.

Currently, WFP continues to dispatch against January-April allocations. So far 93% of January allocation has been dispatched. Dispatches for the February allocations are nearly complete in Gode, Degehabur, Shinile and Warder. Under the March allocation dispatches to Gode zone are nearly complete. (See table 5 below...)

Table 5: Food allocation and dispatch in Somali Regional State (MT)

Month	Zone	Allocated					Dispatched				
		Cereal	Pulse	V.Oil	CSB	Total	Cereal	Pulse	V.Oil	CSB	Total
Feb-09	Afder Liben IDPs*	75	0	0	0	75	42				42
	Degehabur	2710	271	54	285	3320	2327	234	47	237	2845
	Fik	2258	226	45	237	2766	1094	96	18	106	1314
	Gode	2346	235	47	246	2874	2203	220	17	215	2655
	Jijiga	3755	376	75	394	4600	330	30	5	49	413
	Korahe	1756	176	35	184	2151	399	40	12	0	451
	Liben*	2792	279	56	293	3420	337	34	3	35	409
	Shinile	2737	274	55	287	3353	2647	242	53	271	3214
	Warder	1623	162	32	170	1989	1318	126	26	140	1610
S. total		23328	2325	465	2441	28559	10696	1021	181	1053	12952
Mar-09	Afder *	3275	327	65	344	4012	2523	244	49	176	2993
	Afder Liben IDPs *	225	23	5	24	276	106				106
	Degehabur	2710	271	54	285	3320	659	66	13	69	807
	Fik	2258	226	45	237	2766					0
	Gode	2346	235	47	246	2874	856	86	17	70	1029
	Jijiga	3755	376	75	394	4600					0
	Korahe	1756	176	35	184	2151					0
	Liben *	3254	325	65	322	3967	1325	83	35	242	1685
	Shinile	2737	274	55	287	3353	265	15	5	19	303
Warder	1623	162	32	170	1989					0	
S. total		23940	2394	479	2494	29306	5734	494	119	577	6923
G. total		47267	4719	944	4935	57866	16430	16430	16430	16430	16430

* Afder and Liben dispatches are undertaken by the government and are not part of the hubs and spokes system.

5. Stock Status of EFSRA (MT)

As at May 22/2009, the overall stock balance stands at 405,004 MT of grain. The stock on loan and the committed stock amount to 236,751.01 Mt. The un-committed stock amounts to 168,253.82 Mt. The following table shows the guarantors, the amount of stock committed, loan overdue, and active loans.

Table 6 EFSRAs' Standing balance of May 2009

NO	Guarantor	Borrower	Committed Stock	Loan Overdue	Active loan
1	WFP	WFP	112,443.81	31,959.99	80,483.82
2	WFP	DRMFSS	486.55	486.55	0.00
3	EU	DRMFSS	25,397.47	25,397.47	0.00
4	MOFED	EGTE	35,284.76	35,284.76	0.00
5	MOFED	EGTE	60,943.27	60,943.27	0.00
6	MOFED	FSCB	1,476.93	1,476.93	0.00
7	CFGB	FHE	1,718.22	0.00	1,718.22
Total			236,751.01	154,548.97	82,202.04

► **6. Government Plan to Strengthen Disaster Risk Management System**

Working closely with its partners, the Disaster Management and Food Security Sector has developed a plan to prioritize investments in strengthening its ability to manage disaster risk in the long term. This plan has 5 objectives linked to the globally agreed Hyoga Framework for Action:

1. Strengthen national disaster risk management strategies and institutions
2. Ensure risk and vulnerability assessments, early warning and contingency planning and financing – in both rural and urban areas
3. Increase and sustain awareness creation, education and capacity building
4. Reduce underlying risk and vulnerability (integrate disaster risk reduction into sector planning and practices for example in water, health, agriculture, environment)
5. Improve emergency preparedness and response through capacity strengthening

This plan builds on the combined efforts of the government with its partners to improve risk management through enhancing the Early Warning System (e.g. through woreda vulnerability and risk profiling) and implementing risk financing in the PSNP, as well as strengthening monitoring and reporting systems, food management and preparedness/contingency planning capacities.

► **7. Training of Trainers on Forest Fire Management**

A training of trainers on forest fire management has been conducted at Disaster Risk Management & Food Security Sector from 4 to 8 May 2009.

The major objectives of the training:

1. Introduce the concept of community based fire management,
2. Introduce concepts of fire ecology, fuel dynamics and fire behavior, and
3. Introduce legal and institutional aspects of forest fire and acquaint participants with the concept of managing the different aspects of forest fire as well as the notion of a living fire.

It has been mentioned that global assessments indicate that so far, fire is not a high priority on policy agendas in most countries all over the world. However, it is an obvious fact that forest fire can be a threat to the already meager forest resource in many countries particularly considering the climate change that the world is grappling with.



Therefore, in order to avert the threat of global warming and climate change that is already affecting the lives and livelihoods of millions in the world today, forest fire management should be given due regard by all.

About 25 participants from regional bureaus have attended the TOT and it is expected that they will convey the training to others in their respective regions for its ultimate application.

► **Acronym**

CFGB	Canadian Food Grain Bank
CRS	Catholic Relief Service
CERF	Central Emergency Response Fund
CSB	Corn Soya Bean
DFID	Department for International Development
DRMFSS	Disaster Risk Management and Food Security Sector
EC	European Commission
ECHO	European Commission Humanitarian Aid Office
EFSR	Emergency Food Security Reserve
EGTE	Ethiopian Grain Trade Enterprise
EOS	Enhanced Outreach Strategy
EU	European Union
FHE	Food for the Hungry/Ethiopia
HRF	Humanitarian Response Fund
IDP	Internal Displace population
IRC	International Rescue Committee
LVIA	Lay Volun-Int. Association
MOARD	Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development
MOFED	Ministry of Finance and Economy Development
MT	Metric Tone
OFDA	Office for Disaster Assistance
PSNP	Productive Safety Net Program
SNNPR	Southern Nations Nationalities and Peoples Region
TSF	Targeted Supplementary Food
UNDSS	United Nations Department for Safety and Security
UNFAO	United Nations Food & Agriculture Organization
UNICEF	United Nations Infant Children Education Fund
UNOCHA	United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
USD	United States Dollar
V.Oil	Vegetable Oil
WFP	World Food Program
WHO	World Health Organazation